

Fort Liard - Statistical Profile

	Fort Liard	Northwest Territories	Fort Liard	Northwest Territories
POPULATION				
<i>Population (2011)</i>			<i>Number of Births</i>	
Total	602	43,675	1999	9 659
Males	325	22,405	2000	12 673
Females	277	21,270	2001	11 613
			2002	9 635
0 - 4 Years	36	3,342	2003	10 701
5 - 9 Years	66	3,082	2004	17 698
10 - 14 Years	58	2,842	2005	11 712
15 - 24 Years	91	7,296		
25 - 44 Years	173	13,656	<i>Teen Births</i>	
45 - 59 Years	111	9,115	1999	2 83
60 Yrs. & Older	67	4,342	2000	2 84
Aboriginal	539	22,241	2001	1 70
Non-Aboriginal	63	21,434	2002	2 72
<i>Population Dependency Ratio (2011)</i>			2003	- 72
< 15 Yrs.	0.43	0.31	2004	4 86
60 Yrs. & Older	0.18	0.14		- 68
<i>Historical Population</i>			2005	1 73
2001	581	40,844	2006	3 65
2002	593	41,665	2007	2 56
2003	572	42,561	2008	
2004	606	43,301	<i>Number of Deaths</i>	
2005	594	43,399	1999	3 162
2006	604	43,198	2000	2 156
2007	587	43,545	2001	5 163
2008	575	43,681	2002	2 169
2009	579	43,638	2003	2 202
2010	592	43,830	2004	2 153
2011	602	43,675	2005	- 148
<i>Avg. Annual % Growth (01-11)</i>			2006	3 182
Total Population	0.4	0.7	2007	3 174
< 15 Yrs.	-0.7	-1.5	2008	3 201
60 Yrs. & Older	5.8	5.5	<i>Injury Deaths (inc. suicides)</i>	
<i>Population Projections</i>			1999	1 36
2015	594	45,281	2000	- 31
2020	594	46,616	2001	2 31
2025	596	47,626	2002	- 24
			2003	1 36
			2004	- 23
			2005	- 21
			2006	- 36
			2007	1 32
			2008	1 29
HEALTH & VITAL STATS				
<i>% of Population that Smoke</i>			<i>Suicides</i>	
2009	39.8	35.2	1999	- 15
			2000	- 7
			2001	- 8
			2002	- 8
			2003	- 10
			2004	- 11
			2005	- 4
			2006	- 5
			2007	- 9
			2008	- 10

	Fort Liard	Northwest Territories		Fort Liard	Northwest Territories
HOUSEHOLDS & FAMILIES					
<i>% of Households with 6 or More People</i>			<i>Other Criminal Code</i>		
1981	40.0	13.9	2001	73	4,350
1986	26.3	11.5	2002	44	3,934
1991	18.5	9.8	2003	65	4,068
1996	13.8	8.6	2004	73	5,233
2001	12.5	7.2	2005	65	6,475
2004	9.3	7.0	2006	43	5,695
2006	14.3	6.2	2007	94	5,942
2009	14.1	6.7	2008	119	6,377
			2009	107	5,981
			2010	140	6,857
<i>Family Structure (2006)</i>			<i>Federal Statutes</i>		
Total Family Structure	155	10,875	2001	7	432
Husband-Wife	35	5,555	2002	12	655
Common-law	80	2,990	2003	7	595
Lone Parent	35	2,330	2004	15	632
% Lone-Parent Families	22.6	21.4	2005	10	742
			2006	8	534
<i>Tenure (2009)</i>			2007	5	665
Total	170	14,522	2008	6	815
Owned	102	7,623	2009	12	827
Rented	68	6,899	2010	22	991
% Owned	60.0	52.5			
			<i>Traffic</i>		
<i>% of Households in Core Need</i>			2001	9	459
1996	67.6	19.7	2002	19	568
2000	38.6	20.3	2003	17	642
2004	32.4	16.3	2004	26	768
2009	47.1	19.0	2005	22	884
			2006	10	829
			2007	12	813
CRIME					
<i>Violent Crimes</i>			2008	41	1,051
2001	86	2,767	2009	24	810
2002	160	3,179	2010	29	877
			<i>Violent Crime Rate (per 1,000 persons)</i>		
2003	132	3,698	2001	148.0	67.7
2004	123	3,857	2002	269.8	76.3
2005	131	3,711	2003	230.8	86.9
2006	115	3,527	2004	203.0	89.1
2007	85	4,025	2005	220.5	85.5
2008	99	3,839	2006	190.4	81.6
2009	84	3,730	2007	143.3	92.4
2010	83	3,678	2008	171.9	87.8
			2009	146.9	85.9
			2010	141.4	84.1
<i>Property Crimes</i>					
2001	69	5,417	<i>Property Crime Rate (per 1,000 persons)</i>		
2002	98	6,397	2001	118.8	132.6
2003	104	8,179	2002	165.3	153.5
2004	140	9,018	2003	181.8	192.2
2005	171	8,357	2004	231.0	208.3
2006	169	8,292	2005	287.9	192.6
2007	133	8,807	2006	279.8	192.0
2008	108	8,881	2007	224.3	202.3
2009	111	8,568	2008	187.5	203.1
2010	153	9,769	2009	194.1	197.2
			2010	260.6	223.2

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INCOME ASSISTANCE					
<i>Beneficiaries (monthly average)</i>			<i>% with High School Diploma or More</i>		
2001	34	2,425	1986	36.5	51.6
2002	43	2,200	1989	13.9	59.8
2003	57	2,142	1991	31.7	59.9
2004	42	2,058	1994	19.7	63.2
2005	50	1,911	1996	30.4	63.5
2006	46	1,912	1999	28.6	66.1
2007	51	2,024	2001	33.3	64.8
2008	80	2,067	2004	31.3	67.5
2009	69	2,402	2006	31.3	67.0
2010	44	2,313	2009	37.4	69.3
<i>Cases (monthly average)</i>			<i>Employment Rates (2009)</i>		
2001	13	1,202	Less than High School Diploma	48.0	35.4
2002	18	1,118	High School Diploma or Greater	73.9	81.2
2003	23	1,111			
2004	17	1,110			
2005	19	1,051			
2006	19	1,060			
2007	20	1,121			
2008	34	1,172			
2009	31	1,415			
2010	23	1,429			
<i>Payments (\$000)</i>					
2001	87	8,840	1996	62.3	77.2
2002	118	8,701	1999	69.2	78.3
2003	160	8,946	2001	69.3	77.1
2004	113	9,270	2004	66.7	75.6
2005	155	8,610	2006	61.4	76.5
2006	135	8,534	2009	67.1	75.1
2007	160	9,783			
2008	333	12,048			
2009	283	14,563			
2010	189	15,074			
TRADITIONAL ACTIVITIES (2008)					
Hunted & Fished (%)	58.7	39.4	1999	19.0	13.7
Trapped (%)	29.2	6.2	2001	19.2	9.5
Produced Arts & Crafts (%)	24.7	8.7	2004	19.0	10.4
Households Consuming Country Food (Half or More) (%)	66.5	28.1	2006	27.5	10.4
			2009	14.3	10.3
ABORIGINAL LANGUAGES					
<i>% Aboriginals that Speak an Aboriginal Language</i>			<i>Employment Rate</i>		
1984	88.3	59.1	1986	44.2	66.2
1989	88.6	55.6	1989	44.5	65.0
1994	82.4	50.1	1991	55.6	69.3
1999	78.8	45.1	1994	39.4	65.7
2004	74.5	44.0	1996	49.3	68.2
2009	74.4	38.0	1999	56.0	67.5
			2001	56.0	69.8
			2004	54.0	67.8
			2006	44.6	68.6
			2009	57.5	67.3

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<i>Selected Employment Rates (2009)</i>					
Males	68.3	68.1	2000	26,549	36,220
Females	43.4	66.4	2001	27,529	39,186
Aboriginal	53.2	49.8	2002	28,063	42,047
Non-Aboriginal	92.2	83.1	2003	28,800	42,572
			2004	28,193	44,080
15-24	41.6	42.0	2005	29,757	46,170
25-34	61.4	75.5	2006	29,392	48,396
35-44	78.6	81.9	2007	32,066	51,072
45-54	72.0	84.3	2008	33,039	52,943
55-64	63.0	74.6	2009	34,154	52,998
65 & Over	-	17.1	<i>Average Personal Income (\$)</i>		
			2000	8,701	805,159
<i>Labour Force Activity (2009)</i>					
Population 15 & Over	438	33,730	2001	9,061	935,854
Employed	252	22,702	2002	9,010	1,016,653
Unemployed	42	2,616	2003	9,295	1,058,922
Not in the Labour Force	144	8,412	2004	9,393	1,101,853
			2005	9,205	1,145,168
<i>Potential Available Labour Supply (2009)</i>					
Number of Unemployed	70	4,847	2006	8,913	1,208,376
% Do Rotational	58.6	57.1	2007	9,795	1,294,015
% Male	40.0	59.1	2008	10,275	1,356,780
% Aboriginal	98.6	77.2	2009	11,210	1,356,890
% Less than High School Diploma	68.6	55.9	<i>% Change in Emp. Inc. (2000-2009)</i>		
				28.8	68.5
<i>Labour Force Profile (2006)</i>					
% Gov't, Health, Social Serv, Educ	33.3	37.3	<i>Average Employment Income (\$)</i>		
% Goods Producing	27.5	17.2	2000	27,191	36,187
% Other Industries	37.3	43.9	2001	27,458	38,497
			2002	27,303	41,428
<i>Annual Work Pattern (2008)</i>					
% Worked	73.1	79.0	2003	28,167	41,904
% Worked More than 26 weeks	64.7	77.5	2004	27,626	43,969
			2005	28,766	45,843
			2006	28,752	47,856
			2007	31,597	50,627
			2008	33,145	52,650
			2009	33,970	52,983
PERSONAL INCOME					
<i>Total Income (\$000)</i>					
2000	9,823	921,079	<i>Percent Taxfilers Less than \$15,000</i>		
2001	10,461	1,058,019	2000	43.2	32.0
2002	10,664	1,148,300	2001	44.7	28.8
2003	10,944	1,199,686	2002	44.7	27.6
2004	11,277	1,246,589	2003	39.5	28.0
2005	11,010	1,297,842	2004	45.0	27.3
2006	10,875	1,384,602	2005	40.5	26.0
2007	12,185	1,469,865	2006	40.5	24.9
2008	12,555	1,542,755	2007	36.8	23.3
2009	13,320	1,557,610	2008	31.6	23.7
			2009	33.3	23.9
<i>% Change in Total Inc. (2000-2009)</i>					
	35.6	69.1	<i>Percent Taxfilers More than \$50,000</i>		
			2000	13.5	28.2
			2001	15.8	31.4
			2002	15.8	34.4
			2003	18.4	35.1
			2004	17.5	36.5
			2005	18.9	38.3
			2006	18.9	39.9
			2007	18.4	42.7
			2008	23.7	43.7
			2009	23.1	43.6

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FAMILY INCOME				
<i>Average Family Income</i>				
2000	52,671	71,864		
2001	55,273	80,225		
2002	58,773	87,143		
2003	56,231	88,244		
2004	54,359	91,362		
2005	56,156	96,171		
2006	56,175	101,622		
2007	57,906	107,252		
2008	64,933	111,796		
2009	76,214	112,119		
<i>Percent Families Less than \$30,000</i>				
2000	35.7	26.2		
2001	40.0	20.8		
2002	20.0	19.4		
2003	31.3	20.3		
2004	41.2	20.2		
2005	37.5	19.0		
2006	31.3	18.0		
2007	43.8	16.6		
2008	20.0	17.0		
2009	14.3	16.7		
<i>Percent Families More than \$75,000</i>				
2000	21.4	41.6		
2001	20.0	47.4		
2002	26.7	50.4		
2003	25.0	50.7		
2004	23.5	52.7		
2005	18.8	55.3		
2006	25.0	57.1		
2007	31.3	59.5		
2008	33.3	60.8		
2009	35.7	60.7		
PRICES				
<i>2009 Living Cost Diff. (Edm = 100)</i>		132.5	..	
<i>2010 Food Price Index (YK = 100)</i>		134.9	..	
ENVIRONMENT				
<i>Average Temperature (°C)</i>				
January 2003		-22.1	..	
January 2004		-24.0	..	
January 2005		-23.5	..	
January 2006		-23.6	..	
January 2007		-18.1	..	
July 2003		18.7	..	
July 2004		19.3	..	
July 2005		15.7	..	
July 2006		18.2	..	
July 2007		18.3	..	
COMMUNITY LIVING				
<i>% Who Volunteered in 2008</i>		27.2	37.7	
<i>% of Homes with Internet Access in 2008</i>		20.6	73.5	
SYMBOLS				
-	zero or too small to be expressed			
..	not available			
x	data suppressed			

SOURCES & NOTES

Population

Population and Historical Population: NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Estimates are calculated by allocating the demographic components of growth, down to a community level. Sex, age and ethnicity estimates developed by NWT Bureau of Statistics.

Population Dependency Ratio: NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Ratios for < 15 years refer to the number of people less than 15 years of age divided by the number of people between the ages of 15 and 59. Ratios for 60 years and older refer to the number of people 60 years of age or older divided by the number of people between the ages of 15 and 59.

Average Annual Growth Rate: NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Average annual growth rate (AAGR) is calculated as:

$$AAGR = \left(\sqrt[10]{\frac{Pop_{2011}}{Pop_{2001}}} - 1 \right) * 100$$

Population Projections: NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Population projections incorporate assumptions regarding fertility, mortality & migration patterns. These assumptions are reflective of historical patterns, as well as recent trends observed for the Northwest Territories.

Health & Vital Stats

% of Population that Smoke: NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Refers to the percent of people 15 years of age or older that smoke.

Number of Births: Health Statistics Division, Statistics Canada.

Teen Births: Health Statistics Division, Statistics Canada. Refers to births to women aged 19 or less.

Number of Deaths: Health Statistics Division, Statistics Canada.

Cause of Deaths: Health Statistics Division, Statistics Canada. Injury deaths are deaths due to accidents, homicide and suicides.

Household & Families

Percent of Households with 6 or More People: Census, Statistics Canada (1981, 1986, 1991, 1996, 2001 & 2006); NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT (2004 & 2009). A household refers to an occupied private dwelling.

Family Structure: Census, Statistics Canada. Refers to the classification of census families into husband-wife couples, common-law couples, and lone parent families.

Tenure: NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Refers to whether some member of the household owns or rents the dwelling.

Percent of Households in Core Need: NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. If a household has any one housing problem (suitability, adequacy, or affordability) or a combination of housing problems, and the total household income is below the Community Core Need Income Threshold, the household is considered to be in core need. The core need income threshold is an income limit for each community that represents the amount of income a household must have to be able to afford the cost of owning and operating a home or renting in the private market without government assistance.

Crime

Incidents in a particular detachment may include incidents from surrounding communities.

Violent Crimes: Canadian Center for Justice Statistics, Statistics Canada. Refers to incidences of homicides, attempted murder, assaults (including sexual assaults), abduction and robbery.

Property Crimes: Canadian Center for Justice Statistics, Statistics Canada. Includes but is not limited to incidences of breaking & entering, theft, position of stolen goods and fraud.

Other Criminal Code: Canadian Center for Justice Statistics, Statistics Canada. Includes but is not limited to incidences of offensive weapons, bail violation, disturbing the peace and mischief (property damage).

Federal Statutes: Canadian Center for Justice Statistics, Statistics Canada. Includes but is not limited to incidences of possession and trafficking of drugs.

Traffic: Canadian Center for Justice Statistics, Statistics Canada. Includes but is not limited to incidences of dangerous operation of motor vehicle and impaired operation of motor vehicle.

Violent Crime Rates (per 1,000 persons): NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Rates are determined using population estimates developed by the NWT Bureau of Statistics.

Property Crime Rates (per 1,000 persons): NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Rates are determined using population estimates developed by the NWT Bureau of Statistics.

Income Assistance

Note: Due to program changes in 2007, data prior to this year is not directly comparable.

Beneficiaries (monthly average): Department of Education Culture & Employment, GNWT. Refers to the monthly average number of recipients of income assistance and their dependents, if any, over the year.

Cases (monthly average): Department of Education Culture & Employment, GNWT. Refers to the monthly average number of people requesting and receiving social assistance over the year.

Payments (\$000): Department of Education Culture & Employment, GNWT. Refers to the total amount of payments over the year. Payments are recorded for the month for which assistance was received.

Traditional Activities

Hunted & Fished (%): NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Refers to the percent of people 15 years of age or older that hunted or fished during the year.

Trapped (%): NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Refers to the percent of people 15 years of age or older that trapped during the year.

Produced Arts & Craft (%): NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Refers to the percent of people 15 years of age or older that made arts and crafts during the year.

Households Consuming Country Food: NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Refers to the percent of households reporting that half, most or all (50% or more) of the meat or fish consumed is harvesting in the NWT.

Aboriginal Languages

Percent of Aboriginal that Speak an Aboriginal Language: NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Refers to the percent of aboriginal people 15 years of age or older that can speak an aboriginal language well enough to carry on a conversation. Aboriginal languages include Inuktitut, Inuvialuktun, Inuinnaqtun, Dogrib, Cree, Chipewyan, North Slavey, South Slavey, and Gwich'in.

Education

Percent with High School Diploma or More: Census, Statistics Canada (1986, 1991, 1996, 2001 & 2006); NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT (1989, 1994, 1999, 2004 & 2009). Refers to the percent of population 15 years of age or older that have a high school diploma.

2009 Employment Rates: NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Refers to the employment rate for two groups of people: those who do not have a high school certificate, and those with at least a high school certificate. Employment

rate refers to the percentage of persons 15 years of age and over who are working at a job.

Labour Force

Census, Statistics Canada (1986, 1991, 1996, 2001 & 2006); NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT (1989, 1994, 1999, 2004 & 2009).

Participation Rate: The percentage of persons 15 years of age and over who are in the labour force. See below for definition of labour force.

Unemployment Rate: The percentage of the labour force that was unemployed during the week prior to the survey. See below for definition of labour force.

Employment Rate: The percentage of persons 15 years of age and over who were employed during the week prior to the survey.

Employed: Refers to persons who during the week prior to the survey: (i) did any work at all, excluding housework, maintenance around the home and volunteer work; or (ii) were absent from their job or business because of vacation, illness, on strike or locked out, etc.

Unemployed: Refers to persons who during the week prior to the survey: (i) were without work, had actively looked for work in the previous four weeks and were available for work; or (ii) had been on temporary lay-off and expected to return to their job; or (iii) had definite arrangements to start a new job within the next four weeks.

Labour Force: Refers to persons who were either employed or unemployed during the week prior to the survey.

Not in the Labour Force: Refers to persons who do not participate in the labour force, they are neither employed or unemployed.

Potential Available Labour Supply: Refers to those persons who are unemployed. They can be classified into various categories, including, those who want to do rotational work, gender, ethnicity, or level of schooling.

Annual Work Pattern: Work pattern measures the amount of work over a given year. Worked in 2008 refers to the percent of people 15 years of age or older who worked in 2008, while worked more than 26 weeks refers to the percent of workers who worked more than 26 weeks in the year. The weeks need not be consecutive.

Personal Income

Small Area and Administrative Data Division, Statistics Canada. Data is based upon filed tax returns.

Total Income (\$000): Refers to total money income received from all sources.

Average Personal Income (\$): Refers to the average money income received from all sources.

Employment Income (\$000): Refers to total income received by persons 15 years of age and over for any employment.

Average Employment Income (\$): Refers to average income received by persons 15 years of age and over for any employment.

Percent Tax-filers Less Than \$15,000: Refers to the percent of tax-filers who report they are making less than \$15,000.

Percent Tax-filers More Than \$50,000: Refers to the percent of tax-filers who report they are making more than \$50,000.

Family Income

Small Area and Administrative Data Division, Statistics Canada. Data is based upon filed tax returns. Refers to the total income of a family; it is the sum of the total incomes of all members of that family.

Average Family Income (\$): Refers to the average money income received from all sources for the family as a whole.

Percent Families Less Than \$30,000: Refers to the percent of families who report they are making less than \$30,000.

Percent Families More Than \$75,000: Refers to the percent of families who report they are making more than \$75,000.

Environment

Average Temperature (°C): Environment Canada. Calculated as the mean daily temperatures, averaged over the reference month. The mean daily temperature is the average between the daily maximum and minimum.

Community Living

% Who Volunteered in 2008: NWT Bureau of Statistics. Refers to the population 15 years of age and over who volunteered during the year.

% of Homes with Internet Access in 2008: NWT Bureau of Statistics.

Prices

Living Cost Differentials: Price Division, Statistics Canada.

Food Price Index: NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT.